(LVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2755.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1799.

LOWER ELBE, August 4.

THE Paris letters of the 26th ult. contain an official message from the directory to the two councils, giving copious details, from Moreau, respecting the battle of the 15th, in which the French seem to have performed prodigies of valour. Joubert was killed in the onset of the action: rushing forward to animate his troops in a charge with the bayonet, crying *advance! advance!* a ball smote him on the right side, piercing his heart, and falling to the ground, he waved his hand, exclaiming *march on! march on!* and expired almost immediately.

General Moreau then commanded in chief, exposed himself to every danger, having a horse killed under him: a ball grazed his right side.

General Moreau concludes his dispatches thus:—"Our troops performed prodigies of valour. The artillery did wonders. The corps of Russians were cut to pieces: it attempted four attacks, and was repulsed. The corps of general Kray charged with the attack of the left, was almost driven from the field of battle at 5 o'clock: every thing seemed to promise a happy success. Generals St. Cyr, Perignon, Croucy, distinguished themselves particularly. I am perhaps wrong to mention some, for all did their duty. There are very few who are not wounded, with their horses. General Partoneau was made prisoner; but the hostile general Lusignon was also taken, being wounded in the charge. I sent him back to be exchanged. Joubert died at six in the morning, and the action continued till evening."

MILAN, August 17.

Letter from general Melas to count Cocastelli, commissary of government.

"I hasten to inform you of one of the most splendid victories we have gained in the present campaign. The enemy's army, 50,000 strong, had advanced to relieve Tortona. Our army quitted its positions in the mountains, and retreated into the plains, in hopes the enemy would follow us; but he would not advance, and we resolved to attack him. For this purpose general Kray attacked the left wing, and the Russians the centre. The battle commenced on the 15th August, and was extremely bloody. Thrice the Russians stormed the enemy's centre, but they were repulsed each time with loss. I now took the command of our right wing, consisting of 8 battalions of grenadiers and 6 of Austrian infantry, and attacked the left wing of the enemy. In spite of the most obstinate resistance, and a dreadful fire of artillery, we gained the heights; the enemy was overthrown in every quarter, driven to flight and pursued till late last night.

"General Joubert remained dead on the field of battle, and Moreau was mortally wounded. We have taken prisoners the four generals Grouchy, Perignon, Bellegarde and Corli, from 4 to 5000 inferior officers and privates, and the whole of the enemy's artillery is in our possession. Our own loss in this most brilliant victory is likewise not inconsiderable; but its consequence will no doubt be glorious; and we may hope to see the French entirely driven out of Italy.

(Signed) "MELAS."

VIENNA, August 24.

The battle of Novi was the most dreadful and bloodiest, that has taken place since the renewal of the war, and general Melas has gained never fading laurels. Had Joubert not fallen, and thus the French army brought into confusion, the carnage might have lasted much longer. This is the fourth defeat of the French in Italy; Kray defeated Scherer; Suwarrow and Melas, Moreau, then Macdonald, and now Joubert. Only Championet remains now to be conquered.

Fort Bruneitte, in Piedmont, nine miles from the fortress of Brianeon, on the frontiers of France, is said to be occupied by the allies, from whence they mean to bombard fort Susa, opposite to it.

Last night a courier arrived here from the archduke Charles, who brings intelligence of an action having commenced between his royal highness and Massena, which, at the departure of the courier, was in favour of the archduke. Further accounts are anxiously expected.

TOULOUSE, August 12.

On the 20th the ci-devant count Paulo rung the tocsin at Centegobelle, where all the royalists assemble. The next day he marched against Calmont, at the head of 500 men, with a heavy piece of cannon in their front. On entering the place, he himself cut down the tree of liberty, called for all the arms to be given up to him within half an hour, threatening on refusal to inflict the severest tortures. He then ordered the place to be pillaged, and the patriot Galoche was murdered with the most shocking ferocity—Chamayn, Leblondin, Mozetez, and other patriots, were arrested and shot upon the bridge.

Paulo sent the following summons to the commune of Calmont:

"*Inhabitants of Calmont,*

"I summon you in the name of the king, immediately to lay down your arms, and then I promise you, in his name, a general pardon and protection; if you refuse, the first that fires against our troops shall be the signal for putting you all to the sword, and shall moreover set fire to every part of the town. All the country as far as Toulouse, is in the possession of the royalists. We have taken hostages, who are answerable to us for your conduct. Decide, therefore, and send your answer.

"*August 7th 4 o'clock in the morning.*

(Signed) "COUNT PAULO."

The most accurate information makes the royalist army in our department (the *Haute Garonne*) amount to 16,000 effective men. These troops, posted at different points, keep up a correspondence, and concert and combine all their operations. In all quarters the republican authorities are taking active measures to stem at its source this devastating torrent.

The head quarters of the Roman Catholic army are now at Muret. The head quarters of count Paulo, who takes the rank of brigadier of the king's armies are at his country seat at Nailchoux.

Catenat, a royalist general, who penetrated with his royalist corps to Blagnaw, has been killed.

FRANCFORT, August 18.

There were printing at Milan an immense number of copies of the following proclamation, which are to be distributed when the Imperial armies enter the French territory:

MANIFESTO.

"Suwarrow, commander in chief of the Imperial royal and Imperial Russian armies, &c. &c. &c.—Italy is re-conquered! and to you, Frenchmen, remains nothing but the remembrance of your atrocities and robberies. As long as the world exists, the infamy of your rulers will remain, and future generations will curse for ever these ruthless men. The last hour of those ruffians is come! Ruffians that have plunged you in the deepest misery! and who are desirous of ruining the world by a total overthrow of the established religion and government of every civilized state. Five hundred thousand brave warriors are either already upon your frontiers, or advancing thither; they come to you, not as you were wont to come to other countries—to desolate and lay waste—no; they come as your friends and saviours, your deliverers from tyranny and oppression; not, as your rulers would wish you to believe, to enslave, conquer, partition, and dismember France.—They come only to restore your lawful royal government, to renew the sacred rights of religion, to save you from the abyss, and make you a happy people again. Ten years bitter experience must have taught you to be wise, good, honest Frenchmen! I come as your friend: oblivion to the deluded, the sword of justice shall only fall on him who oppress what is good. Remain, ye citizens, in peace! ye peasants, remain quietly with your herds and flocks! to us, property is sacred—no contribution, no requisition, shall rob you of it."

ROVEREDO, August 3.

At the head quarters of the Austro-Russian grand army, has been published the following

MANIFESTO.

"The army is on the eve of entering the territory of the republic of Genoa; it does not come as an enemy, but to free that republic from the yoke of her oppressors and their satellites. It comes to restore the old government, and holy religion, polluted with impiety. It grants a general oblivion of the past to the malevolent, if they will return to virtue, good order and their lawful government."

HAMBURG, September 6.

We have a right to contradict, upon the best authority, several articles contained in the last Holland papers, respecting the summons sent by admiral Duncan to admiral Story. This summons, which was generally looked upon as official, is totally erroneous; in the first place, the summons was sent in the name of admiral Mitchel, not in that of Duncan, the latter only added the postscript, by which he invites the the Dutch officers to join him, and offers them his friendship and protection: it is entirely unfounded, that any mention was made by the British admiral, respecting the landing of 20,000 troops at the Helder; for such was the position of the Dutch fleet at that time, that to effect such landing without their knowledge, must have been utterly impossible, this, therefore, is contradictory in itself; it is equally unfounded and erroneous, that any mention has been made by the British admiral respecting the sovereignty of the prince of Orange.

The Danish Imperial colonel De Frusman is arrived at St. Petersburg, in which place, according to our information, the king of Prussia will keep a charge d'affairs, after the departure of the ambassador.

Our correspondent in Mayland says, that the Imperial general Kray has been obliged to march suddenly with a considerable corps, towards Novarra and the county of Wallis, in consequence of the French general Lecourb's threatening to invade Lombardy.

PORTLAND, October 14.

Arrived the 10th instant, schooner Huldah, captain Riggs, from Port-au-Prince.

He informs, that the contention between Toussaint and Rigaud was severe, as no quarter was given on either side. Rigaud took Petit Gauve while capt. R. was there, and massacred all the whites, men, women and children. Four days previous to his sailing, Toussaint retook Cape Nichola Mole, but particulars had not transpired. It was supposed that the affair was very bloody—200 mulattoes gave themselves up to Toussaint, being unwilling to take up arms on either side. They were put on board the prison ship, and three days after were all drowned. Ten days before captain Riggs sailed, Toussaint gave out word that no mulatto should be suffered to reside within his territory after 7 days from that time; and his word was verified, for every one of that description that could be found, was either shot or drowned. Every morning not less than four or five might be seen, whose lives had thus been destroyed. One man in particular, who had in the day been taking an account of lumber with captain Maxfield's mate, was seized as soon as it was dark, and shot the next morning. The unhappy man was never told what his crime was.

MIDDLETOWN, October 18.

We are informed by a gentleman direct from the West-Indies, that—"Letters from his grace the duke of Portland have been circulated throughout the English West-India colonies, prohibiting the exportation of sugar, in any other bottoms than British."—The above took place the 15th September.

PHILADELPHIA, October 24.

From the New York Gazette.

As much has been said on the subject of our further negotiation with France, and the general belief that the appointed envoys would not at present be sent to Europe, we again assure the public, from authority not to be questioned, that the frigate UNITED STATES, commodore BARRY, is now lying at Newport, to receive our envoys, who are on their way to that place, and are to sail by the first of November. Judge Elsworth passed through this city on Saturday from Trenton, where we are told, he left governor Davie, to receive some papers which were not ready when he left that place.

By late arrivals we learn that Rigaud afraid of an attack being made on Aux Cayes by Toussaint has returned thither with all his forces in order to oppose him.

By arrivals from Africa, we hear that a number of Danish vessels are slaving at Angola and other parts of the coast; the vessels have on board Frenchmen, who are in the capacity of supercargoes, and in fact are the real owners. They are mostly bound for the Havanna, and it is to be hoped that our cruisers will be lucky enough to fall in with them.

The French cartel row boat, that arrived here from the Mole, sailed again on Thursday morning for that place.

The officer who arrived in the cartel from the Mole was on board a prize, and chased into the Mole, thinking it in possession of Toussaint, by two privateers, but on landing, found it in possession of Rigaud's party who made him a prisoner, and confined him in one of the forts—Shortly after Toussaint's party regained possession of it, when he was set at liberty and sent down here: the prize is however retained.

A Dutch schooner from Curracoa, bound to Jeremie, with provisions, prize to his majesty's cutter Sparrow, arrived on Wednesday evening.

A very well informed supercargo or owner of a vessel from Aruba, bound to ——, and recently in Curracoa, has been brought into this port by one of his majesty's ships. He reports having received Hamburg Gazettes of a very recent date, wherein it is expressed that the king of Prussia had headed in person an army of 45,000 men, and that the major part thereof, were so far advanced in the interior (Amsterdam) that the burghers in general were in the utmost expectancy of his advanced guard establishing the entire conquest of the late states.

It was so generally accredited in Curracoa that the republican flag staff was levelled to the ground; and the many republican French that were then on the

island, were solicitous to depart the colony by any means.

The informant believes the report to be true, and from his respectability, little doubt may be entertained of what he advances being confirmed by the first arrival from Falmouth.

M. Camus has lately discovered a bible, printed at Mentz, in 1462. It is said to be imperfect, the book of KINGS being wanting.

Arrived, brig Sally, Hampton, St. Thomas, 19 days—Sugar and coffee—R. Ralston.

Handed for publication by captain Hampton.

Sailed from St. Thomas on the 1st instant, under convoy of a Danish frigate, after waiting in that island for 20 days, in daily expectation of an American convoy, to take such vessels as might be ready to sail; but there was no more appearance of one the day of his departure than on his arrival thirty days before, further than that a number of vessels had collected at St. Kitts for that purpose, where they had been waiting for some time, but no prospect of any yet. The Ganges, Delaware and Pickering had been heard of off St. Bartholomews, the only account he could hear of any of the American vessels in those seas, except the Portsmouth, which he left off the river Surinam, on the 20th of July.—He run that coast down to the island of Trinidad, where the Americans have at present considerable trade, and at the time of his departure, on the 25th August, there had not been an American government vessel there.

During his stay at St. Thomas, a number of French cruisers frequented that port, sending their prizes to Porto Rico, where, he was well informed, above 20 sail of American vessels had been sent in, in the course of last month, and that 6 had been sent in on the 5th ult. by one privateer of 12 guns—among these were the Little John Butler, and Experiment, of this port. He was informed by captain Forester, who went from this in May last, to Guadaloupe, and who had arrived at St. Thomas, that the gaols and prison ships were full of American seamen, from the vessels carried in there. The ship Rose, captain Forester, of Newburyport, which had been captured on her passage to Surinam, after a severe action; having been purchased by Frenchmen and Danes, their interest procured the release of a number of Americans for the purpose of navigating her to St. Thomas, where she was purchased by Mr John Imlay, and was to sail for this port the day after the Sally.

Left in the harbour of St. Thomas, the following American vessels:—

Ship America, Meak, of Boston, from the Straits, for this port or Boston; ship Carolina, Clark, Baltimore, from Surinam for Baltimore; brig Betsy, Manning, of and for Baltimore, and a number of others, their names not recollected, most of which were to sail under convoy of captain Meak, in the America. That ship being armed with 20 six pounders, and from 60 to 70 men, will be able to stand more than any one French cruiser in those seas. When on her passage to St. Thomas, she chased a French corvette of the same force, the only one of that size out of Guadaloupe, who escaped from the America, by superior sailing, and after having part of her guns thrown overboard, went into Guadaloupe and reported that she was chased by an American frigate. Had the American come up with her, there is not the least doubt, from the abilities and bravery of captain Meak, but the French ship would have proved as easy a capture as the Insurgent.

The ship Kitty, Baswell, of New-London, for New York; schooner Betsey, Stanwood, of and for New-Haven, and the Danish snow ——, capt. Forester, for Charleston, all sailed in company with the Sally, who parted with them on the 3d instant, in lat. 23, N. long. 66, W. and on the 15th inst. lat. 37, long. 74, 30, spoke the ship General Greene, of and from Baltimore, out 24 hours, all well, bound for Falmouth, England.

On the 27th September there arrived in the harbour of St. Thomas, a sloop from the coast of Africa, with the captains and crews of four American vessels that were taken on that coast by three French frigates, the Concord, Medea, and one other, this sloop being of little value, they gave her to the captains and crews of the four vessels, one of which was a ship belonging to New-York, and the other three to Rhode Island.—The voyage these vessels were on, was of such a nature, that no American can regret their loss—it was that of carrying slaves to the West-Indies. The frigates were supposed to be bound for the Isle of France.

On the 17th inst. spoke the schooner Dolphin, from Rhode Island, bound to Washington, (N. C.) Cape Henry bearing west by south 15 leagues.

A report prevailed in St. Thomas, which was believed, when capt. Hampton sailed, that Curracoa was in the possession of the British.

Annapolis, October 31.

On Tuesday lay the Jockey Club purse of one hundred pounds was run for over the course near this city, and won by Mr. Duvall's horse Hamlet, And

Yesterday the Colt's purse of fifty pounds was run for and won by Mr. Duvall's horse Leboo.

TAKEN up adrift, on the 26th of September, 1799, a large strong built BOAT, with two new thwarts, and some new knees not bolted fast, with a new piece in her gunwale, and a small quantity of stone in her; she is marked "Ship C. GREEN." The owner may her again by proving property and paying charges, by applying to SOLOMON CLARIDGE, living in Broad Neck, near Sandy Point.

To the VOTERS of ANNE-ARUNDEL COUNTY and CITY of ANNAPOLIS.

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the promised support of many of my fellow-citizens, I have been induced to offer as a candidate at the ensuing election for sheriff. I must earnestly request those persons who are unacquainted with my character to investigate my conduct, and ascertain my qualifications. To the good wishes, and favourable sentiments of my neighbours, I confidently refer you for testimonials of my deportment through life. If the result of your inquiries should prove that I am diligent and attentive to business, that I am competent to discharge the duties of the office with ability and integrity, I shall be very happy to obtain your preference.

I am, gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
JOSEPH M'CENEY.

October 25, 1799.

To be SOLD.

On Tuesday the 26th day of November next, the subscriber will offer for sale, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises,

SUNDRY stock, consisting of horses, cattle, and hogs, with other things too tedious to mention. The terms of sale will be made known on the day.

He has also for sale, several thousand chesnut rails, locust and mulbery posts, at a moderate price for CASH, and deliver them at the landing.

T. BEARD, jun.

Beard's Point, October 28, 1799.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

REDMOND GRACE.

Prince-George's county, October 24, 1799.

THIS is to give notice, that from the variety of misfortunes and losses I have met with, I am reduced to the disagreeable necessity of applying to the general assembly for an act of insolvency, to relieve me from debts I am totally unable to pay.

HENRY GASSAWAY.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Calvert county, Maryland, a mulatto man named JOHN, but if he does not change his name he probably will call himself JOHN WHITTINGTON, he is about twenty-one years of age, a short well set fellow, but rather clumsy, he has a broad full face, has his hair commonly queued, a large mouth, and his lips rather thick, with remarkable broad teeth, which are wide apart in front; what cloathing he had and took with him is not known, but it is probable he has on a light coloured coat and black breeches, and will likely appear decently dressed; he will no doubt attempt to pass as a free man, and his intention is, I suppose, to get either to Baltimore or the Federal city. Whoever apprehends said fellow, and secures him in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive (if taken up thirty miles from home) the above reward, and thirty dollars if a smaller distance, and reasonable charges paid if brought home.

w 3

JOSEPH SPRIGG.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of January next.

SAMUEL ANDERSON, Annapolis.

John C. Brooke, David Bangs (2), Annapolis; Thomas Bicknell, near Annapolis; Frederick Brown or Samuel Brown, Anne-Arundel county.

Right rev. Bishop Claggett, Anna Castle, Nancy Croo, Richard Chase, Mr. Chambers, Annapolis; Richard Chew, Herring Run.

Gabriel Duvall (2), Rezin Davidge, Wm. Darley (3), David Downie, Henry Deal, Mr. Darby, Annapolis.

William Elliot, Annapolis; James Edwards, care of John Fairbank, Anne-Arundel county.

William Francis, Annapolis.

The Gentlemen of the Board College, John Gwinn (4), John Gassaway, Anne Gaither, Annapolis.

Alexander C. Hanson, John Henry, Elizabeth Hazel, William Henry, John Hurst, I. S. Hanson, Annapolis; Edward Hall, West river; Richard Harrison, Herring Bay; Francis Holland, George Hardey, Anne-Arundel county.

Ann Johnson, George Jenings, Annapolis; Philip Jones, Anne-Arundel county.

Josias King (2), Annapolis.

Nyol De lalie, Annapolis.

Richd. Mackubin, Luther Martin, Thos. M'Laughlin, rev. O. F. Magrath, Gilbert Murdoch (3), Annapolis; Wm. M'Crea, near Annapolis.

Henry Ridgely, Thomas Rowse, Simon Retalick Annapolis.

Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county, Mrs. Stevens, Rachel Stevens, Mr. Stephens, Vachel Stevens, William H. Shrive, Robert Smith, Philip Swarer, Annapolis; Geo. Smith, Samuel Smith; Pig Point; Caleb Sappington, David Stewart, hatter, John Sewel, jun. Anne-Arundel county.

Mr. West, Lydia West, Saml. Winchester, negro Will, at Vachel Stevens's, Annapolis; Charles Warfield, John Worthington, Henry Wakefield, William Woodward, jun. J. and N. G. Watkins, near Annapolis.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

None of the above letters will be delivered without the money.

October 1, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, by the mayor and other respectable citizens of the city of Baltimore, that on Wednesday the 21st day of last month, a most outrageous and shocking murder was committed on the body of a certain GEORGE MELLINGER, while travelling on the high road leading from Baltimore to Belle-Air, about twelve miles from the former place: to prevent such enormities, and to bring the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof to punishment, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, thereby offering a reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof, so that he, she, or they, or any of them, be convicted thereof. And I do further offer and promise full and free pardon to any person being an accomplice therein, who shall discover and make known the person or persons by whom the said crime was committed, so that he, she, or they be convicted thereof.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

To be SOLD,
By private bargain,

THREE tracts or parcels of LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, two of which are part of Anne-Arundel Manor, lying about half a mile from the cross roads, the other about the same distance from Mrs. Rawlings's tavern, on the Mount Pleasant road to Marlborough from Annapolis; they will be sold altogether, separately, or in lots, as purchasers may incline. For terms apply to the subscriber, at Doden, near South river church.

DAVID STEUART.

October 23, 1799.

By virtue of an order from the orphan's court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 26th of November, at the subscriber's dwelling house,

THE personal property of KITTY MARRIOTT, late of said county, deceased, consisting of a negro woman and a boy. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

THOMAS WARFIELD.

Anne-Arundel county, October 23, 1799.

Forty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending the three following villains, namely, negro TOM, who calls himself captain MAYNARD, a low chunky fellow, of a yellowish complexion, about 32 years old, bow-legged, when spoken to is apt to stoop his head, and move his eyelids quickly, leers, and thereby discovers the whites of his eyes.

TONEY who calls himself ANTHONY SMALLWOOD, a black fellow, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, and about 31 years of age, strait and well made; both of said fellows speak softly and smoothly.

TOM, who calls himself TOM TILLARD, a black fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, bow-legged, and although young has a wrinkled face, wears his wool in whiskers, if closely examined stammers much.

Captain Maynard, the above negro Tom, returned late on Monday evening last, being absent since the Saturday morning before, when the overseer spoke to him he was insolent, and being apprehensive of correction, Tom, with his axe, and the other two with long tobacco knives kept off the overseer, and went off. These fellows have wives in Prince George's county, in the neighbourhood of Queen-Anne and Upper-Marlborough, and are well acquainted for many miles round those places. The above reward will be given for securing them in gaol, so that I get them again, or proportionably for each, and all reasonable charges, if brought home, will be paid by

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near South river ferry, Anne-Arundel county,

October 21, 1799.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, without any provocation, on the 31st of August, 1799, an apprentice lad named VACHEL JOHNSON, a shoemaker by trade, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has a down sullen look when spoken to, has sandy or reddish hair, tied behind; had on a new black castor hat, a long striped nankeen coat, a spotted Marseilles under jacket, nankeen trousers, and took with him nankeen breeches and white stockings, and other cloathing; he has since been seen in Baltimore.

All masters of vessels and others are forewarned harbouring or carrying off the ungrateful fellow at their peril. The above reward will be paid for securing him in any gaol, so that I get him again, by

SETH SWEETSER.

Annapolis, September 4, 1799.

For SALE,
SUNDRY LAW BOOKS,
Inquire at the printing-office.

Anne-Arundel county, ff. WHEREAS William Alexander, collector of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commissioners of the tax for said county, the following lists of lands in the said county, in which there is no personal property to pay the said taxes, to wit:

Names of Land.	Amt. Tax.	Names of Persons.
Five lots in the city of Annapolis,	4 4 0	Elizabeth Bordley's heirs.
One lot in ditto,	0 5 9	Elizabeth Dowson.
Three lots in ditto,	3 10 8	Doct. John Daniel.
One lot in ditto,	0 14 9	James Elliott.
Four lots in ditto,	4 10 11	Joshua and Richard Fraizer.
One lot in ditto,	1 2 10	Richard Lee's heirs.
One lot in ditto,	0 4 9½	Philip Lee's heirs.
One lot in ditto,	3 5 0½	Benjamin Oden for Stephen West's heirs.
One lot in ditto,	0 2 5	Joseph Sands for Maynard's heirs.
One lot in ditto,	0 14 9	Philip Swearer.
Got's Purchase and part of Padget,	2 5 11½	Joseph Got's heirs.
Part of Burrage,	0 10 10	Henry Hall.
Cary's Inheritance,	0 19 6	Benjamin Norman.
Hunt's Chance,	1 9 9	Mary Evans.
Gover's Venture,	2 14 0	Samuel Gover.
Part sundry tracts,	2 19 5	James Pattison's heirs.
Land, name unknown,	12 16 7	Richard Wootton.
Shekell's Chance,	0 15 0	Francis Essex.
Grammar's Chance, Purnell's Angle, and Harrison's Enlargement,	3 0 2	Samuel Lane's heirs.
Grammar's Parrot,	1 14 2½	Nathan Smith.
Hill's Purchase,	1 5 0	Anne Vernon.
Hopkins's Fancy, and lot at Pig Point,	1 13 0	Stephen West.
Two lots in London-town,	0 4 9½	Anne Caton.
Three lots in ditto,	0 7 2½	John Clarvo.
Part of Holland's Choice,	0 14 5	William Boyer's heirs.
Land, name unknown, part of Yates's Contrivance, part Howard's Range,	1 7 3½	Hockley Company.
Part Rockhold's Purchase, part Point Lookout, and part Best Success,	0 16 9½	Joseph Hawkins.
Hopkins's Lot,	0 15 1½	Benjamin Ricketts.
Turkey Quarter,	7 16 0	Thomas Cockey Dye.
Part Howard's Fancy,	0 9 2½	Samuel Chase, Esq;
Part Abbington, Hereford, and Addition to Hereford,	4 10 5½	William King.
Preston's Fancy, Barber's Addition, and part Ridgeley's Chance,	2 4 1½	Nicholas Ridgely.
Part of Washington's Beginning,	4 16 0	Thomas Worthington, of John.
Part Duvall's Range,	3 0 0	Thomas Contee.
Part Duvall's Range,	1 8 4	Stephen Steward.
Part Hog Neck,	0 6 0	James Cooksey.
Part Merriken's Contract,	0 9 8	Philip Downey.
Part Dawson's Chance, Forked Creek, Chance, Ashley's Adventure, Friendship, Foothold, Brushey Bottom, part Dawson's Chance, Luckey Point, Brushey Neck, and other lands, names unknown,	9 3 11	James Lloyd.
Egleston's Range and Philk's Rest,	3 11 5	Kitty Stevens's heirs.
Philk's Rest,	0 6 0	Thomas Todd.
Cheney's Purchase,	0 9 0	Elizabeth Day.
Taylor's Settlement.	14 14 0	Benjamin Galloway.
Crabb's Purchase and Widow's ditto,	2 14 0	Richard Wootton.
Poplar Plains	5 5 0	William Goodwin.
Part of Milford,	0 4 8½	Nathan Hall.
Part of Gosnell's Adventure,	0 8 4½	Mary Powell.
Part of Seven Mountains,	1 18 6	James Lloyd.
Timber Neck,	2 3 3½	Thomas Mortimer.
Part of Green Spring,	0 3 0	Capt. Maybury.
Blays Neck, Homewood's Chance, Young's Land, and other lands,	7 1 11½	John Small's heirs.
Dort, Galloway's Purchase, and Gift,	10 5 1	Philip Thomas.
Sherwood Forest,	0 4 7	Henry Galther's heirs.
Part of Mansell's United Friendship, and Bellmont,	9 0 7	Samuel Chase, Esq;
White Oak Bottom,	0 1 0	Nathan Musgrove.
Point Lookout and Good will to his Lordship,	0 19 8½	Anthony Musgrove, of Samuel.
Blooming Plains	4 8 9	Isaac Pollock.
Lots in Elk-Ridge Landing,	1 5 6½	Dennis Griffith, and others, heirs of Joshua Griffith.
Land formerly assessed to Dennis Griffith,	2 3 5	William Urquhart.
Part of Rebecca's Lot,	1 0 0	Peter Bond's heirs.
Part of Invasion, part Conclusion, and part of What's Left,	1 12 0½	John Brown, of Adam's heirs.
Part of Half Pone,	0 9 7½	John Barlow, sen. heirs.
Victory and Eagle's Tower,	0 5 11	John Brown, shoemaker.
Part of Invasion and Any Thing,	1 9 0½	Vachel Barnes.
Part of Hebron and part of Batchelor's Choice,	0 18 6½	Valentine Brown.
Carter's Rocks and Patapsco Mill Seat,	3 2 8	John Cornelius.
Yates's Contrivance and Cockey's Neglect,	2 12 4½	Edward Dorsey, of John's heirs.
Part of Invasion, Jalon's Mistake, and Briar Bottom,	1 14 0	John Hood's heirs.
Selby's Inheritance,	0 17 8	Mordecai Selby.
Part of sundry tracts,	1 3 2½	William Shipley, sen. heirs.
Land formerly assessed to John Sterrett,	4 4 0	Samuel Sterrett.
Talbot's Resolution Manor,	7 10 6	Stephen West.
Part of Young's Chance and part of Hammond's Contrivance,	0 9 8	Nicholas Boyer.
Part of Stamp Act Repealed,	0 12 0	Samuel Dodges.
Part First Choice and Addition to ditto,	0 0 10	Elie Griffith.
Part M'Cubbin's Search and Honesty is the Best Policy,	3 9 6	Philip Hammond.
Part of Weedy Glade,	1 2 9	William Smith.
Part of Stamp Act Repealed,	0 9 0	Susanna Stansbury.
Part Woodstock Enlarged,	0 16 9½	Thomas Waters.
Part Forest Range,	0 4 2½	William Wood.
Part Bite the Biter,	0 4 6½	Elisha Kennedy.
Part Worthington's Range,	0 12 6	Baal Israel.

NOTICE is hereby given, that unless the county charges aforesaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the said lands, or such parts thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this state.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. Com. Tax A. A. county.

October 18, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly, praying them to appoint five men to alter and amend all the roads on the north side of Severn ferry to Patapsco ferry, formerly considered as public roads.

September 28, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to relieve me from debts which I am unable to pay. w 8

ABEL CRANDELL.

September 17, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Levy Court of Anne-Arundel county will meet at the city of Annapolis, on the first Monday of November next, to settle and adjust the accounts of the several supervisors of public roads in said county, who have not heretofore settled the same.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. L. court A. A. C.

October 18, 1799.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to apply to the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

w 6 JOHN BALZER.

Boyd's Mill and Land for Sale.

On Wednesday, the 20th November next, if fair, if not the first fair day thereafter, will be sold, on the premises, for READY MONEY,

ONE hundred and twenty acres of land in Prince-George's county, part of Ample Grange, at present in the occupation of Benjamin Boyd. On this land is a valuable mill, and other valuable improvements.

N. B. Mr. Boyd will shew the property to any person inclinable to purchase.

CHARLES WALLACE.

Annapolis, October 16, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers intend to apply to the next Frederick county court, for a commission to mark and bound part of a tract of land, in Frederick county, the property of the subscribers, called Hedge Hog, agreeably to the directions of the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding land.

MARY and WILLIAM HEDGES.

Frederick county, September 7, 1799.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office at Port-Tobacco, October 1, 1799.

THOMAS ARVIN.
William Boswell,
John or William Barnes,
John Barnes, Esquire, 2,
John Barnes.
Jacob Clemments,
Stephen Cawood.
Doct. Hezekiah Dent.
Andrew Flood,
James Gardiner,
John Griffin.
Rhody Hambleton,
John Hare,
William Hate,
John Haw.
Jesse Jamesion.
Notley Luckett.
John Maddox.
Alexander Scott.
William Timms,
William Thompson,
Charles Williamson,
Levin Wailes.

SAMUEL HANSON, P. M.

Port-Tobacco, October 7, 1799.

I HEREBY give notice, that I intend to petition the ensuing general assembly to be discharged from my debts, which I am unable to pay. I have sufficient property, and am willing to assign it to my creditors at a fair valuation.

PETER D'EVECMON.

Cumberland, August 21, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to make application to the next general assembly for a law to lay out and open a road from his dwelling plantation, near Herring creek, to intersect the main road leading to Tracy's Landing.

ISAAC SIMMONS, of George.

Anne-Arundel county, August 25, 1799.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the general assembly of Maryland for an act of insolvency.

FREDERICK KOONES.

I INTEND to apply to the general assembly for an act of insolvency.

JOHN RIGBY.

September 18, 1799.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM WHETCROFT, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to produce them, properly authenticated, and all those in any wise indebted are hereby requested to make payment to the subscriber. 6 w

WILLIAM WHETCROFT, Administrator.

Annapolis, October 10, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody, as a runaway, on 23d September last, a negro man, who calls himself BENNETT, and says he is the property of Charles Everisfield, of Prince-George's county, he appears to be about 60 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, has lost the sight of his right eye; had on a ofnabrig cap, an old fearnought coat, an old cotton waistcoat, ofnabrig shirt and trousers, and a pair of coarse shoes. His owner is desired to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold, as the law directs, for his prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of Charles county.

JUST RECEIVED,

ex LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine ſtore Baltimore, and for ſale by

GIDEON WHITE, Annapolis.

HAMILTON's

WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

RECENT CURES.

(From the Baltimore papers.)

An infant (aged 5 weeks) of Mr. Henry Ewbank's, tailor, Charles-ſtreet, was dangerouſly afflicted with convulſion fits, ſo that his life was deſpaired of, but was perfectly cured by one doſe of Hamilton's worm lozenges, which expelled ſeveral worms, the undoubted cauſe of the child's diſorder.

A ſiſter of the above gentleman, aged 22 years, living at New-Caſtle, Delaware, after exhibiting for upwards of 15 months, every ſymptom of an increaſingly dangerous conſumption, experienced a rapid recovery, by the uſe of this medicine.

A letter to the proprietor of Hamilton's worm deſtroying lozenges.

July 10, 1799.

SIR,

I had been a long time afflicted with a violent and gnawing pain in my ſtomach, a dull, heavy continual head-ache, with a frequent ſwimming in my head, accompanied with dimneſs of ſight, and ſome times partial blindneſs, and was rendered incapable of attending my buſineſs, through loſs of ſtrength; ſome times could ſcarcely eat a morſel for two or three days; when my appetite would ſuddenly become aſtoniſhingly voracious. I firmly believed myſelf to be in a conſumption, which muſt ſoon put a period to my life: when happily hearing of ſeveral cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, in complaints which could not be accounted for, I took two doſes, which expelled an incredible number of ſmall ſharp pointed worms: in ſhort, I now enjoy as perfect health and ſtrength as ever I did in my life, and I believe my cure to be entirely effected by means of your medicine.

My brother witneſſing its ſurpriſing efficacy was induced to take a doſe, though in tolerable good health, which occaſioned him likewiſe to void a great quantity of worms of the ſame kind, and thereby probably prevented his experiencing thoſe dreadful diſorders with which I was afflicted.

A ſincere deſire that others in ſimilar circumſtances may receive the ſame benefit, is the reaſon for my ending you this account.

Yours, very reſpectfully,

AQUILA GOLDING, *Harford road* two miles from Baltimore.

The numberleſs cures performed by this medicine, render it intereſting to perſons of every age and in every ſituation. Its efficacy is equally proved in preventing as in removing diſeaſe; it effectually cleanſes and ſtrengthens the ſtomach and bowels, ſo neceſſary at this ſeaſon of the year, and the proprietor ſolemnly aſſures the public, that it may be adminiſtered with the greateſt ſafety to the tendereſt infant of a week old, or the moſt delicate pregnant lady, and he challenges any individual among the hundred in Baltimore who have purchaſed this medicine to ſpecify any diſagreeable or injurious effect that has followed its uſe.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once uſing.

Being the moſt ſpeedy, effectual, and pleaſant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the ſatisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor *maketh oath*, that this ointment doth not contain a ſingle particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its compoſition, and may be uſed with the moſt perfect ſafety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Prepared by the inventor Dr. JACOB HAHN, *late of Calcutta; a medicine unequalled by any in the world for the prevention of*

BILIOUS FEVERS,

AND OF

DYSENTERY OR BLOODY FLUX.

Extenſive and long experience in the Eaſt and Weſt-Indies and in America has proved HAHN'S FEVER PILLS to be without a rival for gently diſcharging viſcid and acrimonious bile, preventing the immoderate ſecretion thereof, and removing obſtinate coſtiveneſs, the general cauſes of fevers of the inflammatory kind.

They poſſeſs a peculiar antiſeptic quality, which they powerfully communicate to the ſyſtem, and enable it to reſiſt effectually the attacks of putrid and malignant fevers of every deſcription.

They have never failed producing the happieſt effects in caſes of langour and debility; ſickneſs at the ſtomach, and loſs of appetite; giddineſs and ſevere head-ache, and ought to be taken by all perſons on entering a warmer climate than their native—They are of peculiar uſe to ſeamen, and ought to have a place in every medicine cheſt.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE and GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, ſpeedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

Prepared by DR. LEROUX.

A ſafe and effectual remedy for venereal complaints of every deſcription.

ESSENCE OF MUSTARD,

(Prepared in pills, and in a fluid ſtate for external uſe.)

For rheumatiſms, gout, palſy, numbneſs, bruiſes, ſprains, &c.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thouſands can teſtify of their being cured by theſe drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occaſion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

MOSCHETTOE TINCTURE.

An immediate and effectual remedy for the ſting of poiſonous inſects of every kind, particularly of *moſchettoes, gnats, bugs, waſps, bees, &c.*

CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A ſovereign, ſpeedy and effectual remedy in

Head-aches,	Sore throats,
Catarrhs,	Wheezings,
Shortneſs of breath,	Congeraled phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat,	Spitting of blood,
Tightneſs of the cheſt,	Soreneſs of the breaſt and
Hooping cough,	ſtomach, &c. &c.

Aſthmas and conſumptions,

And all diſorders of the breaſts and lungs.

Alſo,

CHURCH's PECTORAL PILLS.

Thoſe who wiſh to purchaſe any of the above articles are cautioned againſt the impoſition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.*

Wholeſale purchaſers allowed a liberal profit by addreſſing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

THE ſubſcriber reſpectfully informs his fellow-citizens, that having taken out licence as auctioneer, and given ſecurity agreeably to law, he is now ready to receive goods and other articles for public ſale, and that they may count upon his utmoſt endeavours to give them ſatisfaction.

He has for private ſale a tract of land, containing 222 acres, about 20 miles from the city of Baltimore; this tract is well watered and timbered, on which is an excellent mill ſeat.

A quantity of prime ſhad and herrings for ſale.

JAMES WHARFE.

N. B. He will alſo ſell, or barter, a ſchooner well calculated for the bay trade or Weſt-Indies, and may be fitted for ſea at a ſmall expence.

Annapolis, July 24, 1799.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto ſlave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin viſage, about five feet four inches high, with long buſhy hair, has been in common uſed to houſe work, ſhe is a very good ſpinner, and, in fact, underſtands how to do any thing about a houſe; her cloaths are uncertain, as ſhe took with her more than one ſuit; ſhe has been ſeen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that ſhe may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any perſon that will bring her home, or ſecure her ſo that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1785; alſo one copy of the proceedings of the houſe of delegates of February ſeſſion, and two of June ſeſſion, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof.

NOTICE.

I INTEND to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland for an act of inſolvency.

w 8 BERNARD O'NEILL.

September 23, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to apply to the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act of inſolvency. VERNON SMITH.

September 18, 1799.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody as runaways, two negro men, one by the name of STEPHEN JOHNSON, committed on the 17th of Auguſt, who ſays that he is free born, he is about 19 or 20 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, and chunky built, has a ſcar on his upper lip and a great many ſcars on his back, occaſioned by the whip; his cloathing is an oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, and an old woollen cap. The other committed on the 26th of Auguſt, by the name of WILL NORRIS, who ſays that he was ſet free by William Darnall, of St. Mary's county, he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, and ſtout made, has a ſcar on his right hand; his cloathing is a new wool hat, ſtriped ſwandown jacket, oſnabrig ſhirt and trouſers, old ſhoes, with nails in the ſoles. Their maſters are deſired to take them away in two months from their ſeveral dates, or they will be ſold for their priſon fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

September 2, 1799.

THIS is to give notice that I intend petitioning the next general aſſembly for the benefit of an act of inſolvency.

w 8

JOHN R. BRYCE.

Annapolis, September 11, 1799.

By virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of Maryland, bearing date the fourth day of June, 1799, the ſubſcriber will SELL, at PUBLIC SALE, at Mr. WHARFE's tavern, in the city of Annapolis, on Thurſday the 14th day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

THE real eſtate of WILLIAM ADAMS, late of Somerſet county, deceaſed, lying in the ſaid city of Annapolis, conſiſting of lots No. 52, 53 and 55, whereon is an elegant brick dwelling houſe, fronting on Charles-ſtreet, with ſuitable out houſes and other valuable improvements; the ſaid property is now in the poſſeſſion of general Davidſon, and may be viewed at any time before the ſale on application to the ſubſcriber; it will be ſold on a credit of twelve months, the purchaſer giving bond, bearing intereſt from the day of ſale.

ROBERT DENNY, Truſtee.

Annapolis, September 2, 1799.

THE ſubſcriber gives notice, that he will petition the general aſſembly of this ſtate, at their next ſeſſion, to confirm his right and title to certain perſonal property acquired by virtue of his intermarriage with Elizabeth, relict of Lloyd Dulany, and which was heretofore laid by for her uſe at November ſeſſion, 1782.

WALTER DULANY.

September 8, 1799.

NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to apply to the general aſſembly of Maryland, at their next ſeſſion, for an act to relieve him from debts which he is unable to pay. JOHN BEARD.

September 11, 1799.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody as a runaway, on the 26th of Auguſt, a negro man by the name of ROBERT LOVELESS, about 28 or 30 years old, five feet nine inches high, flat noſe, middling hollow eyes, a ſmall ſcar on his right hand, apparently by a burn, another on his left leg, ſeveral marks on his back, a remarkable ſcar on the right ſide of his upper lip, and a ſmall one on his forehead; his cloathing was a blue cloth coat, with a ſingle row of yellow metal buttons, a blue kerſey waiſtcoat, ſtriped cotton trouſers, ſpotted cotton hoſe, Iriſh linen ſhirt, good coarſe ſhoes, and an old felt hat. When committed he ſaid he was free, and was from Louiſa county, Virginia, had a forged paſs ſigned THOMAS CROWDY; he ſince ſays he is lately from the ſervice of a certain PARK STABBT, about ſeven miles from Hanover Court-houſe, Virginia, but does not acknowledge himſelf a ſlave. His owner (if any) is deſired to releaſe him within two months from the above date, or he will be ſold agreeable to law for priſon fees, &c.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

September 10, 1799.

Agreeably to powers veſted in us by the laſt will and teſtament of the late WALTER WINTER, of Charles county, deceaſed, we propoſe to SELL, at PRIVATE SALE,

ALL thoſe ſeveral tracts of LAND, which he held in Nanjemoy, in ſaid county, containing between 700 and 800 acres, the title whereof is indiſputable. We wiſh to ſell the whole in a body, but if it ſhould remain on hand till the firſt day of November next, we will then divide it ſo as to accommodate purchaſers.

All perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of the ſaid Walter Winter will pleaſe to bring them in, legally atteſted, and thoſe who are indebted are requeſted to make payment without delay, to

JEAN WINTER, Executrix,
WILLIAM CAMPBELL, } Executors.
JOHN HAW, }

September 28, 1799. 8 w

Notice is hereby given,

THAT I intend to petition the next general aſſembly of Maryland, for an act of inſolvency to releaſe me from debts which I am unable to pay.

MOSES MACCUBBIN.

Annapolis, September 13, 1799.

THE creditors of JOHN H. MACCUBBIN, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, are deſired to produce their reſpective claims, legally authenticated, to the ſubſcriber, and ſuch as may be indebted are deſired to make immediate payment, otherwiſe ſuits will be inſtituted without reſpect to perſons.

N. BRICE, Adminiſtrator de bonis non of JOHN H. MACCUBBIN.

Baltimore, September 4, 1799.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, a mulatto man named ISAAC, about thirty years of age, about five feet ten or eleven inches high, has a down look, and is extremely knock kneed; took with him ſundry articles of cloathing, among them a blue broad cloth coat, a red ſtriped ſwandown waiſtcoat, and nankeen breeches. TEN DOLLARS will be paid for ſecuring him in any gaol, ſo that he be had again, or the above reward for bringing him home.

EDWARD HALL.

July 21, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.